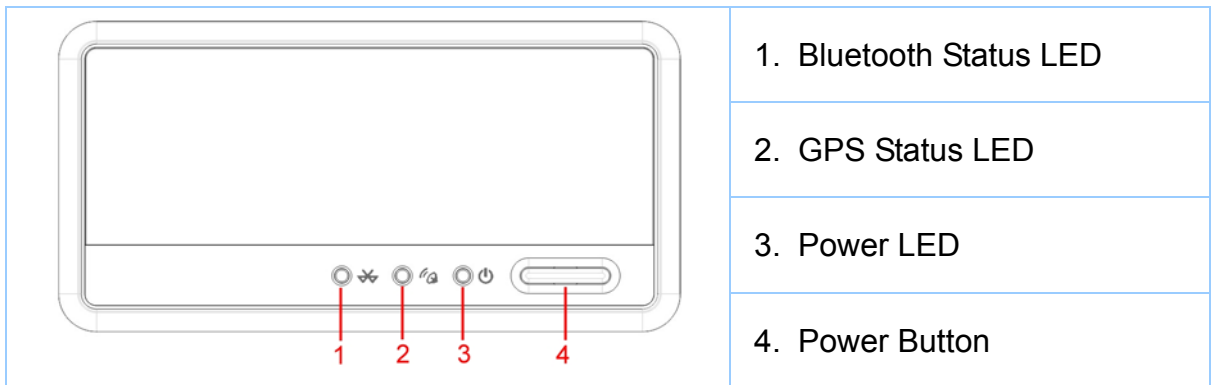


User Manual
Bluetooth GPS Receiver
BT-359

Ver 1.1

1. BT-359 at a glance


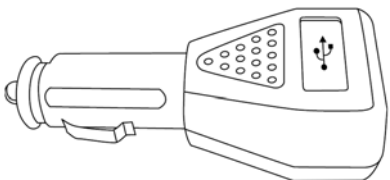
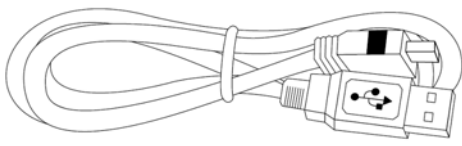
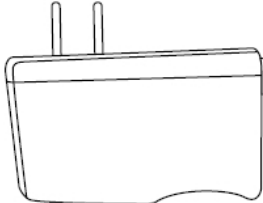
1.1 Appearance and Function



1.2 How to change battery



1.3 Accessories

 <p>BT-359</p>	 <p>Car charger</p>
 <p>USB cable</p>	 <p>Travel charge adapter (optional)</p>

2. Introduction

The BT-359 is a GPS receiver with **Bluetooth** interface and built-in active antenna for high sensitivity to tracking signal. Based on the SiRF star III Low power chip set and supports all functions (Single Sat updates in reduced visibility, Superior urban canyon performance, FoliageLock for weak signal tracking, etc.). The BT-359 is well suited to system integrations including PDA, Smart phone, Tablet PC and Notebook PC with Bluetooth devices. It satisfies a wide variety of applications that are purposes in automotive and outdoor recreation navigation systems.

2.1 Package

Before you start up, make sure that your package includes following items. If any item is missing or damaged, please contact your dealer immediately.

- ◆ Bluetooth GPS Receiver
- ◆ A CD with the User Manual and the Testing Program.
- ◆ AC Power Charger (optional)
- ◆ DC Car Power Charger

2.2 Power Switch

Power on:

Press the power button 1 second until the GPS status LED is on.

Power off:

Press the power button 1 second until the GPS status LED is off.

Reset:

Press the power button for 5 seconds.

2.3 LED Function

Bluetooth Status LED (Blue):

Blinking (Slowly) ---- Not connected to any Bluetooth device.

Blinking (Quickly) ---- Connected to other Bluetooth device.

GPS Status LED (Green):

Blinking ---- GPS position is fixed

Steady light ---- GPS position is not fixed

Battery Status LED (Red/Yellow):

Red ---- Battery power is critically low. Charge it immediately.

Yellow ---- Battery is charging now.

LED off ---- Battery is partially full or fully charged.

2.4 Power-saving Function

When you start the power of the Bluetooth GPS Receiver BT-359, if the Bluetooth is not connected to any devices within 10 minutes, BT-359 will turn off the power automatically, and all the LED will go off simultaneously.

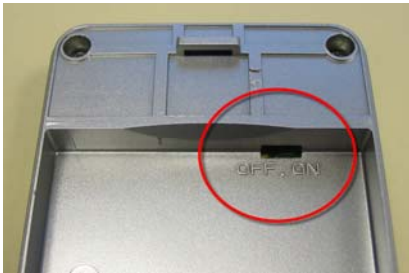
2.5 Auto Shut-Off Function

By default, your BT-359 has a built-in timer that will automatically power down your BT-359 GPS receiver whenever it loses the Bluetooth pairing connection to the host device for more than 10 minutes. This will help to keep you from returning to a dead GPS battery in the event you accidentally might have left the vehicle and forgot to turn off the GPS.

Auto Shut-Off Override Switch

This feature is not found on all models of the BT-359 and is usually not required by most users. However, for those who may have applications that require an override to the Auto Shut-Off feature to keep the BT-359 powered at all times regardless of the Bluetooth pairing status, then only these GPS models, the BT-359 can be used since they come equipped with the special override slide switch located under the battery.

To disable the Auto Shut-Off feature, simply use a thin sharp object like a pin, or paper clip to gently slide the switch into the OFF position. The GPS will now remain ON indefinitely until the power switch is turned off, or until the battery is dead, so use caution when operating in this mode.



Auto Shut-Off **Enabled** = **ON**

Auto Shut-Off **Disabled** = **OFF**

We strongly suggest that you first test your GPS with the included GPS Info utility program to confirm that the GPS receiver is functioning properly on your PC and that you have successfully configured the right COM Port setting. Once this has been done, close the GPS Info program and start your application for COM port configuration.

NOTE: By default, your PC will not allow you to run multiple applications from a single COM port. It is important that you close any previously opened GPS application before switching to another GPS application as the GPS receiver and data will not be found by the new program.

3. Specification

3.1 System Specification

Electrical Characteristics	
GPS standard	SiRF StarIII
GPS Antenna	Built-in ceramic patch antenna
Bluetooth standard	Bluetooth V2.0
Operation range	10 meters (33 feet)
Bluetooth Default PIN	0000
Operation time	Up to 11 hrs
Charge time	4~5 hrs
Auto Shut-Off	When no active Bluetooth connection has been detected within 10 minutes.
Battery Charging	Mini USB connector (not for data)
POWER BUTTON	
Power On	Pressing the Power button for approximately 1 second will cause the unit to turn ON
Power Off	Pressing the Power button for approximately 1 second will cause the unit to turn OFF
Perform reset	Pressing the ON-OFF button for approximately 5 seconds will cause the unit to reset itself.
STATUS LED'S	
GPS status	Flashing – GPS position is fixed Steady – GPS position is not fixed
Power status	Solid Red – Battery Low Solid Amber – Battery is being charged
Bluetooth status	Flashing (Slow) – Not connected to a Bluetooth device Flashing (Fast) – Connected to a Bluetooth device
TEMPERATURE	
Operating	-10°C ~ 60°C (14°F ~ 140°F)
Storage	-20°C ~ 70°C (-4°F ~ 158°F)
Humidity	Operational up to 95% non-condensing
POWER	
DC supplies	4.5V~5.5V / 0.5A
BATTERY	
Battery Cell Type	Lithium –ion Rechargeable Battery
MECHANICAL	
Dimension	82.0 mm x 41.0 mm x 13.4 mm

3.2 GPS Specification

Electrical Characteristics	
GPS Chipset	SiRF Star III
Frequency	L1, 1575.42 MHz
C/A Code	1.023 MHz chip rate
Channels	20 channel all-in-view tracking
ACCURACY	
Position Horizontal	10 meters, 2D RMS 1-5 meters 2D RMS, WAAS corrected
Velocity	0.1m/sec
Time	1 micro-second synchronized to GPS time
DATUM	
Datum	Default: WGS-84
ACQUISITION RATE	
Hot start	1 sec., average
Warm start	38 sec., average
Cold start	42 sec., average
Reacquisition	0.1 sec. average
PROTOCOL	
GPS Protocol	Default: NMEA 0183 (Secondary: SiRF binary)
GPS Output format	GGA(1sec), GSA(1sec), GSV(5sec), RMC(1sec), GLL, VTG is optional
DYNAMIC CONDITION	
Acceleration Limit	Less than 4g
Altitude Limit	18,000 meters (60,000 feet) max.
Velocity Limit	515 meters/sec. (1,000 knots) max.
Jerk Limit	20 m/sec**3

3.3 Bluetooth Specification

Electrical Characteristics	
Bluetooth Chipset	CSR BC4
Frequency	2402MHz to 2480MHz
Standard	Bluetooth V2.0
Bluetooth Profile	SPP (Serial Port Profile)
Operation Range	10 meters (33 feet)
Output Power	0 dBm (class II)

4. Usage

4.1. For PDA with built-in Bluetooth

1. Turn on the power switch in BT-359.
2. Please refer to the user manual of PDA to enable the Bluetooth of PDA connecting to the BT-359. Some PDAs may need the Bluetooth passkey, the passkey is “0000”.
3. Check the number of COM port used by Bluetooth.
4. Run the suitable mapping/navigation software and select the **correct COM port & baud rate: 38400**

4.2. For PDA with Bluetooth Compact Flash card

1. Turn on the power switch in BT-359.
2. Please refer to the user manual of Bluetooth Compact Flash card to enable it to connect with the BT-359. Some Bluetooth devices may need the Bluetooth passkey, the passkey is “0000”.
3. Check the number of COM port used by Bluetooth.(Example **COM 6**).
4. Running the suitable mapping/navigation software and select the **correct COM port & baud rate: 38400**.

4.3. For Notebook with Bluetooth device

1. Turn on the power switch in BT-359.
2. Please refer to the user manual of Bluetooth device to enable it connects to the BT-359. Some Bluetooth devices may need the Bluetooth passkey, the passkey is “0000”.
3. Check the number of COM port used by Bluetooth.(Example **COM 6**).
4. Running the suitable mapping/navigation software and select the **correct COM port & baud rate: 38400**.

Note: The Bluetooth device in most of the applications have an “auto-detect” feature that you do not need to select the Baud Rate.

5. How to test your Bluetooth GPS Receiver?

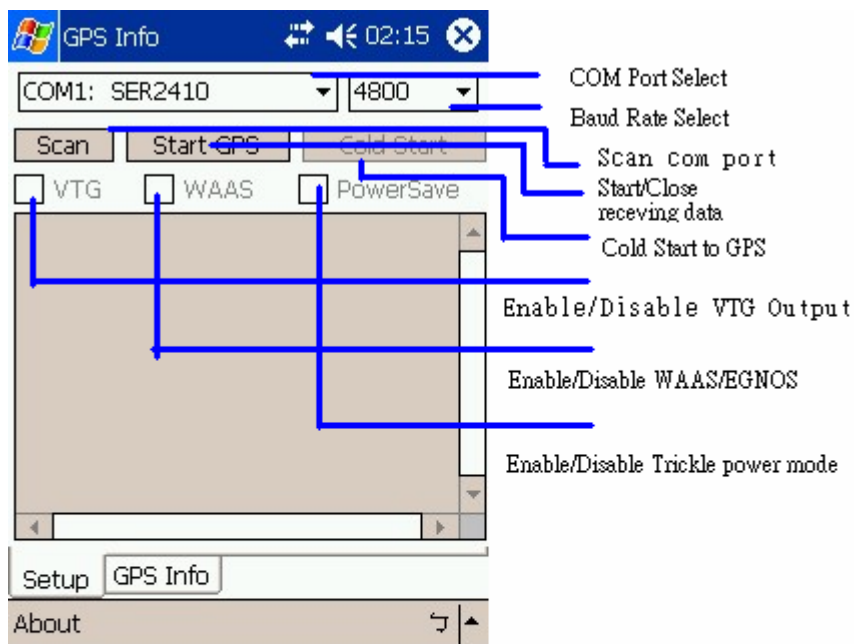
The testing program only supports the Microsoft Windows CE & Pocket PC based PDA platform.

1. Run the “GPSinfo.exe” to execute the installation procedure of testing program (via PC and ActiveSync).
2. Run the “GPS Information” program from “Start → Program files” of PDA.

Here is the description of “GPS Information” testing program:

User must select COM port, Baud Rate (38400) and click the [Star GPS] button to start receiving GPS data.

Note: The Bluetooth device in most of the applications have an “auto-detect” feature that you do not need to select the Baud Rate.



GPS Information 12:39

Date: 2003/03/26
 UTC: 07:40:43
 Direction: 91.63
 Speed: 0 Km/hr
 Status: 3D
 HDOP: 1.0
 PDOP: 2.4

Lat: N 24°59.8868' Lon: E 121°29.2218'

47	43	45	46	43	42	42	41	40			
10	24	04	02	18	07	29	13	01	05	30	08

Setup GPS INFO

About ↵

6. Troubleshooting

Bluetooth is unable to connect

- A) Check if the GPS Bluetooth indicator is flashing normally. That is, flash one per each three second means the product is under standby mode; flash once per second means Bluetooth has been online already.
- B) Check if energy level is sufficient. If red LED is lid up, then the battery level is insufficient, please recharge it until the red indicator is off (recharge is complete).

GPS cannot be positioned

- A) Check if GPS indicator operates normally or not. If the indicator is constantly lid up, it means that GPS is in operation; if the indicator is flashing, it means GPS is positioned already.
- B) If GPS cannot be positioned for long, apply GPS info software to make a Cold Start first, and then move to an open space performing the positioning task. Check if power level is sufficient. If the red LED lights up, it means the power is insufficient, please recharge it until the red indicator is off (recharge is complete).

7. FAQ

- **I am not getting GPS data into my application on my Windows PC.**

1. Check your DEVICE MANAGER to confirm the COM Port number assigned to the GPS. Then be sure this is the same COM port number configured in your application.
2. Be sure your Baud rate is configured correctly at:
Baud Rate: 38400
Data bit: 8
Parity: None
Stop Bit: 1
Flow Control: None
3. Configure the GPS Info utility with the correct COM Port and test your GPS receiver first before using it in your application.

- **Will the GPS work with other Street Mapping software?**

Globalsat GPS receivers provide standard NMEA data for mapping software to use and convert to coordinates and should work well with most any NMEA compliant software on the market today.

- **How accurate is the GPS?**

The USB GPS is WAAS/EGNOS capable, and for units sold in North America through authorized resellers, these units are WAAS/EGNOS enabled unless otherwise stated. Accuracy can be up to 5 meters 2D RMS with WAAS enabled and 10-15 meters 2D RMS WAAS disabled

- **What is ideal GPS environment?**

The GPS requires an open, clear view of the sky. Buildings, covered parking areas, tunnels and dense foliage can cause the GPS receiver to be unable to get a location fix.

If you are parked in a covered parking lot or near a tall building, it is recommended that you drive away until you have a clear view of the sky before using the GPS receiver. You may need to give the GPS a few minutes to find or get a fix its location.

- **How do I know if the GPS is ON?**

If your PC is on and the COM port was configured properly, the GPS receiver is on and receiving the streaming GPS data. This can be verified by opening your mapping software program. In addition, the Globalsat GPS has a built-in LED status indicator that shows the following:

LED OFF: GPS receiver is off (no power).

LED ON (solid): No fix, searching for GPS signals.

LED FLASHING: Position fix established and GPS signals are being received.

- **Why does the GPS not work near buildings and other tall objects?**

The GPS uses satellites in the space to find out where it is. Therefore it needs a clear view of the sky. Tall buildings and other objects that block the receiver's view to the sky make it infeasible to determine your location. Sometimes the satellites are not overhead but near the horizon. In these cases the GPS must have a clear view of the horizon.

- **Other Comments**

Please allow an adequate amount of time for the GPS receiver's boot-up (TTF) to complete before contacting Technical Support.

FCC Notices

This device complies with part 15 of the FCC rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

- (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and
- (2) This device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

FCC RF Exposure requirements:

This device and its antenna(s) must not be co-located or operation in conjunction with any other antenna or transmitter.

NOTE: THE MANUFACTURER IS NOT RESPONSIBLE FOR ANY RADIO OR TV INTERFERENCE CAUSED BY UNAUTHORIZED MODIFICATIONS TO THIS EQUIPMENT. SUCH MODIFICATIONS COULD VOID THE USER'S AUTHORITY TO OPERATE THE EQUIPMENT.